Understanding the Utah Immunization Rule for Students

Module I Laws, Admissions and Requirements

Laws, Admissions and Requirements About This Module

Purpose: To define the law and immunization requirements pertaining to the Utah Immunization Rule for Students.

Goal: To improve administration and application of Utah school immunization requirements.

Objectives:

- Describe the types of schools for which the Rule applies.
- Define "Adequately Immunized."
- Define "Adequate for School Entry."
- Describe appropriate immunization documentation.
- Define "USIR."
- Define "Conditional Admission."
- Describe the three types of exemptions allowed in Utah schools.
- Define "Not-in-Compliance."
- Describe the four-day grace period.
- Describe the conditions for which a student may be excluded.
- Describe the importance of immunization in relation to school district funding.

Utah Statutory Code

To get a better understanding of the law, let's first look at the difference between a rule and a statute.

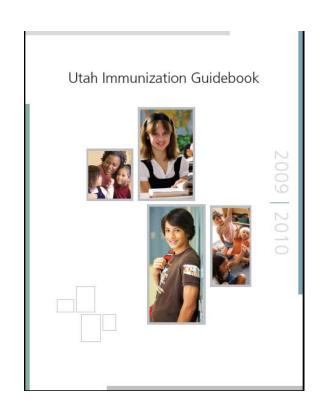
- Statues are enacted by the Legislature and change only when the Legislature is in session.
- The Utah Department of Health is an authorized agency that can regulate or establish rules.
- <u>Utah Statutory Code, Title 53A,</u>
 <u>Chapter 11</u>, defines immunization requirements, including procedures for reporting statistical information and non-compliance.



Utah Immunization Rule for Students

Administrative rules have **the binding effect of law**, and unlike statues, can change throughout the year.

- Authorized agencies, such as the Utah
 Department of Health, do not have to go through the Legislature to change a rule.
- The Utah Immunization Rule for Students is an administrative rule under the <u>Utah</u> <u>Health Code</u>, <u>Section R396-100</u>. It <u>implements</u> the requirements established under the Statutory Code.
- The Rule defines all vaccine requirements, admission requirements, exemptions to the Rule, official documents required, reporting requirements, exclusion procedures and penalties for non-compliance.



School District Funding

School districts receive funding based on a formula (weighted pupil units) that includes the average daily membership of students in attendance. See <u>Utah</u> <u>Code 53A-17a-106</u>.

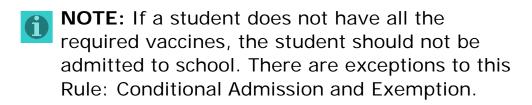
that schools may not receive these funds for a student unless the student has obtained an immunization record or qualifies for conditional admission or a Personal, Medical or Religious Exemption.



Admission

The Rule states that ALL children enrolled in a public, private, charter or parochial school MUST have an immunization record that documents ALL required vaccines received.

- Adequately Immunized means a student has received all the required immunizations or vaccines PRIOR to admission.
- A student is considered Adequate for School Entry if the student meets any of the following conditions:
 - received all the required vaccines;
 - claimed an exemption; or
 - is conditionally enrolled.





Exceptions to the Rule - Conditional Admission

Conditional Admission: A student who has received at least one dose of each required vaccine and is <u>currently</u> on schedule to receive the next vaccine(s) may be conditionally admitted.

- If the vaccine(s) are one month past due the scheduled time for receiving the vaccine(s), the student will be considered Not-in-Compliance and the exclusion process must begin.
- Immunization records of conditionally admitted students or those not-incompliance should be reviewed routinely to determine compliance.
- **This means:** If a child is eligible to receive any vaccines, the child should not be admitted until the next doses are received.



Exceptions to the Rule - Exemptions

The Rule allows the following exemptions for Kindergarten through twelfth grade:

- Medical
- Religious
- Personal
- These exemptions do not apply to college or university attendance.
- Each exemption claimed MUST be accompanied by the appropriate Utah exemption form.
- Personal and Religious exemption forms may be obtained at any Utah <u>public health department</u>.
- Medical exemption forms may be obtained from the student's physician or licensed health care provider.







Claiming An Exemption

- A Medical exemption may be claimed for a student from a licensed physician stating that due to the student's current physical condition receiving one or more vaccines may endanger the student's health or life.
- A Religious exemption may be claimed for a student from a valid member of a specified, recognized religious organization whose teachings are opposed to immunizations.
- A Personal or Philosophical exemption may be claimed for a student who is opposed to immunization based on personal belief.



Homeless Students - Admission

- Homeless students may be conditionally admitted.
- School officials should use their professional discretion to ensure these students receive the immunizations they need in a timely manner.
- The Utah Immunization Program will collaborate with the Utah State Office of Education to ensure school districts do not have funds withheld for homeless students, if there have been repeated efforts to obtain the required immunizations or immunization records.
- NOTE: Many of these homeless students have no insurance and are eligible to receive immunizations through the <u>Vaccines for Children (VFC) Program</u>. Call 801-538-9450 for more information.



Homeless Students - Title VII

The McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act states:

- 1) The school shall immediately enroll the child or youth in school, even if the child or youth lacks records normally required for enrollment, such as previous academic records, medical records, proof of residency or other documentation.

 [Sec. 722 (g)(3)(C)(i)]
- 2) If a child or youth lacks immunizations or immunization records, the enrolling school must refer parent/guardian to the liaison, who shall help obtain necessary immunizations or immunization records. [Sec. 722 (g)(3)(C)(iii)]



Students in Military Families - Admission

Children legally residing in the home of an active-duty service member or whose parent or legal guardian is an active-duty service member may be conditionally admitted to school if they do not have their immunization records at the start of school.

NOTE: Active-duty means full-time duty status in the active uniformed service of the United States, including members of the National Guard and Reserve on active duty orders pursuant to 10 U.S.C. Sections 1209 and 1211.



Students in Military Families - Utah Code

<u>Utah Code 53A-1-1001</u> - Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children states:

 Immunizations -- Compacting states shall give 30 days from the date of enrollment or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission, for students to obtain any immunization required by the receiving state. For a series of immunizations, initial vaccinations must be obtained within 30 days or within such time as is reasonably determined under the rules promulgated by the Interstate Commission.

Transfer Students

ALL students, including transfer students from one Utah school to another or students outside Utah transferring to a Utah school, are required to provide the new school with appropriate immunization documentation.



This means:

- Students who transfer to a Utah school must have a record of all vaccines they have received.
- The information should be transferred to the USIR as part of the student's official school record.
- If a student is missing any of the required vaccine doses, the student must receive the required doses to be in compliance.



Documentation Requirements

- Appropriate immunization documentation must be provided BEFORE a student enters a school.
- Appropriate documentation is a record of all vaccines the student has received, including the month, date and year each vaccine was given.
- The Utah School Immunization Record (USIR), commonly called the "Pink Card," is the official school immunization record for all students who are enrolled in any public, private, charter or parochial school.
- Transfer information from any other records to the USIR.
- Attach any exemption form to the USIR.
- A health authority, such as a school nurse, must verify the USIR.

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Record Source: Physician Register	and Massac	Haniff Dan				WWW.PSYS.NZE.USAN.ECG (801)-539-9450	

Not-in-Compliance

A student with any of the following conditions is considered *Not-in-Compliance:*

- Received fewer than the required number of vaccine doses, and is one month past due for the next doses,
- Received one or more vaccine doses at less than the minimum interval or minimum age,
- Has not received any doses of the required vaccines and has not claimed an exemption,
- Has no official immunization record.



Four-Day Grace Period

Utah allows a *four-day grace period* for auditing or record review purposes only. This time frame allows the school authority reviewing the records to apply a four-day period for a student who received doses of any vaccine too early. The following conditions apply:

- The grace period shall not exceed four days,
- This grace period shall not be used to schedule vaccine doses that are due.
- This means: Vaccine doses given up to four days before the minimum interval or age can be counted as valid doses. Doses given five days or earlier should not be counted as valid doses and should be repeated.



Exclusion

A local or state health representative may exclude (physically dismiss) a student who meets any of the following conditions:

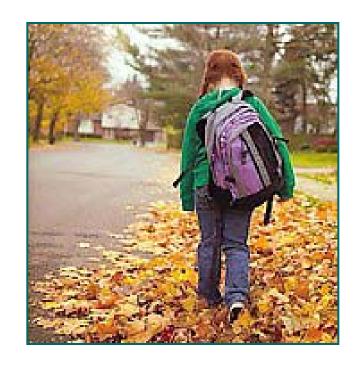
- Has claimed an exemption to one or more vaccines or is conditionally admitted and there is good cause to believe the student may be exposed to a vaccine preventable disease,
- Has been exposed to a vaccine preventable disease as a result of school attendance,
- Is conditionally admitted and has failed to obtain the vaccines required within the specified time period.



Exclusion - Written Notice

A written notice of a pending suspension and of the student's rights under Utah Code 53A-11-302 shall be mailed beginning five days after the conditional enrollment period ends. See <u>Utah Code 53A-11-306</u>.

NOTE: An excluded student may not attend school until the local health officer is satisfied that the student is no longer at risk of getting or spreading a vaccine preventable disease.



Administering the Utah Immunization Rule for Students

- Vaccines are one of the most important public health tools available for preventing disease.
- As more and more vaccines are licensed, the more complicated the immunization schedule becomes. The schedule can be confusing for parents and school officials resulting in unnecessary exclusion of students.
- It is important that school officials use the utmost discretion and adhere to the guidelines in these modules when administering the Rule.
- If you are uncertain how to interpret or apply a rule, please contact the Utah Immunization Program at 801-538-9450 or email immunize@utah.gov for assistance.